EXHIBIT C

o'pen-hearth' proc'ess, n. a process of steelmaking in which the charge is laid in a furnace (e'pen-hearth' fus'nace) on a shallow hearth and heated directly by burning gas as well as radiobyedy by the furnace walls. [1885–90]
o'pen-heart' sur'gery. n. surgery performed on the exposed heart with the aid of a heart-lung machine. [1975–80]
o'pen house', n. L. a party or recordion during which a person's home is epen to visitors. Z. a time during which a school, institution, etc., is open to the public, as for exhibition. 3, a house or appartment for sale or rent that is available for inspection by prospective clients. [120–30]
o-pen-ing (d'pe ning), n. L. an act or instance of making or becoming

rent that is available for inspection by prospective clients. (1520-30) or penning (d/pe ning), n. L. an act or instance of making or becoming open. 2. an unabstructed or unoccupied space or place. 3. a hole or wold in solid matter. 4. the act of beginning start. 5. the first part or ini-tial stage of anything. 6. an employment vacancy. 7. an opportunity; chance. 8. a. the formal or difficial beginning of an activity, event, pre-entation, etc. b. a contration marking this. 9. the statement of the case made by level educated to the court of the statement.

chance. 8. a the formal or official beginning of an activity, even, presentation, etc. b. a cerebration marking this, 9. the statement of the case made by legal counset to the court or jury before presenting evidence.

10. a mode of beginning a game: chess openings. [1125-75] of pen leaf ten, n. a letter, often of protest, addressed to a specific person, but intended to be brought to prible attention. [1375-80] of pen leaf ten, n. a immediated competitive market in which any buyer and seller is free to participate. [1760-70] of pen markets, n. a markage in which the partners are free to have close thendehips or sexual relationships with other persons. [1970-73] of pen-mind/edd, adj. 1. having or showing a mind receptive to new lideas or arguments. 2. unprejudical; unbigoted: imparital. [1820-50] of pen-mind/eddy, adv. or pen-mind/edd-ness, n. of pen-mind/eddy, adv. or pen-mind/edd-ness, n. of pen-mind/eddy, adv. or pen-mind/edd-ness, n. of pen-mind/eddy, adv. adv. adv. of the mouth open. 2. gaping, as with surprise or associationers. 3 having a wide mouth, as a planter or jar. [1923-35] of pen pollinarion, n. a shower pollinarion, n. of pen-pollinarion, n. a sincere pathway in which voters need not meet a test of party membership. [1930-35. /mer.]

of pen sand/wich, n. a sincheth served on only one size of bread, without a covering size. [1945-50] of pen sand/wich, n. a sincheth served on only one size of bread, without a covering size. [1945-50] of pen sand/wich, n. a sincheth served on only one size of bread, and of the sand-wich is of game protected at all other times by the law. (1935-1900. Amer.)

of pen sand-with, 1875-801

[1855-1900, Amer.]

**Post 8-Creek A. something supposedly secret but actually known quite generally. (1875-80)

**Post Een*Cance, A. SEMENTIAL FUNCTION. [1935-A0]

**Action of the Control and the Porty Thicves")]

o'Pen thop', n. a business establishment in which a union acts as representative of all the employees but in which union membership is not a condition of employment. [1895–1900]

or a condition of employment. [1895–1900]

O'pen's sight*, n. (on a lirearin) a rear sight with a notch for aligning the front sighting. Compare sets statt. [1865–95]

O'pen shock*, n. merchandise, as this or silverwise, for which individual picces may be purchased, as for replacement. [1895–1900]

O'pen striverse, n. a cosmological model in which the universe continues its observed expansion forever as a result of insufficient gravitations. tional attraction of mass to half the expansion. Compa

rk (0/pen wirth), n. any kind of omamontal work, as in lace, metal, having open spaces in the material. (1590-1600)

sione, or metal, having open spaces in the material. (1590-1600) open-a'i (op'ar a, op'ro), n. pl. «pres. I. an extended driamalic work in which the parts are sung to orchestral accompaniment. Compare area, cours operal, claus orces, accorner? 2, the score of such a work. 3, an opera house or resident company. [1635-45; work, opera < 1, ord, pl. of opus service, work, a work, orus) open-a' (or'per a, op'or s), n. a pl. of opus open-a' (or'per a, op'or s), n. a pl. of opus open-a' (or'per a) bol, op'res), styl. 1, trestable by a surgical opera-on. Company representation, or practice. [1640-60; < li> Li → op'ar-a-bil/sty, n. — op'en-a-bil/sty, n.

bby, 20% operate bouffe (op/er e bō5//, op/ra); Pr. à pā na bō5//), n. salifical French confic opera. [1863-70]; < [] o-perate bufrfa (op/er e bō5//s, op/re); /// ó/pe na bō5//s), n. Italian funciosi corric opera originating in the 18th densury and contextuing roductives, patter songs, and ensemble firstes. [1795-1805] < [i] o-perate corricque (op/er à lor mōs//, op/re); /// ó pā na kó mōs//, n. cosuc certas. [1735-45] < [] op/ere glass/es (or glass/), n. a small, low-power pair of binocutars without prisms. [1730-40]

without prisms. [1730-40]
ob/first hat/, n. a man's call, collapsible top hat, held open or in shape
by springs and usu, covered with a black, silky fabric, [1800-10]
op/first house/, n. a theater devoted chiefly to operas. [1710-20]
op-first house/, n. a quantity upon which a mainternatical operation is performed. [1685-90; < LL operandium, ger, of operain's see or-

FRATE]

OP-61-97t (op/er ent), edj. 1. operating: producting effects. —n. 2. a person or thing that operates, [1595-1605; < LL]

OP-81-73 service (op/er a str/t a, op/rs; it. b/pc rd servya), n. Italian opera of the 18th contany typically on a classical subject. [1875-60; < It. III. serious opera)

Ill. serious opera)

go-en-ate (op's raiv), v., -ab-ad, -art-ing, -r.f. 1, to work, perform, or function, as a machine does. 2, to exert force or influence (often fol. by on or upon). 3, to perform some process of work or treatment. 4, to perform a sungleal procedure. 5, a, to carry on military operations in ser. b, to give orders and carry out military acts, as distinguished from doing staff work. 6, to carry on transactions in securities, or some commodity, esc. speculatively or on a large scale. 7. Information fractional concest, insight. -v.t. 8, to manage or use of machine device, cic.), to put or keep (a factory, industrial system, ranch, etc.) in operation. 10, to bring about, circu, or produce, as by action or the exertion of force of influence, [1600-10; < Li. operatus, pip, of operatir, sine to work, be eliminating the control of the contr

ficacious, etfect, produce, 1: to busy oneself, v. der. of operativation to opus work; see arti'l —operativa-ble, adj.

operativatic (operativa, cut-of with a sing. or pl v.) 2. the staging of operas. 3. edogerated or melocitamale behavior, operatival, cut-of with a sing, or pl v.) 2. the staging of operas. 3. edogerated or melocitamale behavior, operations, as by controlling and scheduling the eternishment of produced and managing storage and imputousput, (1960-65).

Operations, as by controlling and scheduling the eternishment of force of functioning or operating. 2. the state of being operation of a system of functioning or operation. A. 1 an act of instance, prone of functioning or operation. A. 1 an act of instance, prone of functioning or operative and mentioning representation (operation). A concerning agency. 5. a process of a practical or mechanical relies. 6. across the concerning a malformatical deseased parts, implicating new parts, ext. 9. a mathematical process to a quantity or quantities. 10. a single the health of a patient, as by correcting a malformatical deseased parts, implication, or differentiation. A the activity as addition, multiplication, or differentiation. A the activity of mathematical process to a quantity or quantities. 10. a single palpin, mission, miserurer, or action, b. Usu., operations the such a campoign, mission, etc. a operations, a headquarter. (1350-1400) ME < 1) operation-31 (operation-31 (operation-31 (operation-31 (operation-31)) operation-31 (operation-31 (op

tropy (1) (op's rom), n. a set of two or more adjacent clarationscription is under the coordinated control of a promoter; a tor, and a regulator gene. (< 1 operon (1960) = operior is in the coordinated control of a promoter; and a regulator gene. (< 1 operon (1960) = operior) is in the coordinated control of a promoter; and the coordinated control of the coordinated con

peer-ose (op's (6s'), adj. done with or involving much labo (1660-70; < t, aperitors busy, active = open (s. of opus) war ossi) — opygrose/ly, adv. — opygrose/ness, n. OPers, Ott Persian.

O-phol-ia (ō (&/ya), n. a young woman in Shakespeare's h driven mad by the death of her lattier, Potential.

o-phid-san (6 Rd's en), adj. 1. belonging or pertaining to be serpences (formerly Ophidia), comprising the strakes. — 2. 2. [1820-30: < NL Ophidia) (pl.) (< Gk ophidion (sing.) = distribution of the strakes. — 2. 2.

precious stones and trees were brought for Solomon. I Rand Ageina ophithe (orf). 57(1). A a diabase in which clongate crystals of abhirts (off). 57(1). A a diabase in which clongate crystals of the control of the con

-flos -c; ophthalmo-, a combining form meaning "eye"; ophthalmobas

comb. form of ophthalmos)

oph-thal-mol-o-gist (of that mol/o-jist, -the-, -thal-, op/o) for class specializing in ophthalmology. (1225-35)

oph-thal-mol-o-gy (of that mol/o-jit, -the-, -thal-, op/o) for oph-thal-mol-o-gy (of that mol/o-jit, -thal-, -thal-, op/o), for of modicine dealing with the amatomy, functions, and dealing the state of the state of

lóg/le, acj. oph-thal-mo-scope (of that/me sköp/, op-), n. an instrument

merior of the cyc, and cap the retina, (

cycop/la), ad/, cyph/thel-mer/co-s

complaing form occurring in words denot

complaind organs; inversales and organs.

combining form occurring in words denote the form organs: hyperoples, prestroples, [4] of the crye, foce]

(h. 2d, 5/20 it. 3½' v. 5'pg 3t), n. a ong containing optim or its derivatives and containing optim or its derivatives and 4. mixed or prepared with optim.

(contain the charge of the charge of the containing optimity of the charge to the containing optimity or in the containing behavior of the charge of the charg

pg-Are')

A point of pin (), v. o-pin-ling. —v.L 1. to pin () property opinioris. [1575-85; < L opin () pin 2 mc ionnal expression of a profession opinion. 4. The formal statement by a period in reaching a decision on a case, the person or thing with respect to character person or thing with respect to character person of the person of thing with respect to character person of the person of the samuel, and the samuel complete an opinion about modern art, surma opinion, usin based on feeting of emotion about modern art, surma opinion, usin based on foreign of emotion and the subject of divarce. A use is a manual of the subject of divarce. A use is a public issue; wens on government specification of opinions dominions of the subject of divarce of contractions of the subject of divarce. A use is a public issue; wens on government specification of opinions dominions dogmaile. [13]

aviance reaments. n.

arabetive (e pin/ye ně/hr), adj. 1. of, port
ar opinon. 2. opinlomated. (1540-50) —
invane/the-ness. n.

dopě oké/, n. 1. aty opiumilke substar
acce by the body or the synthesis compound
alleg to such a substance. (1955-60)

maked to such a substance. [1955-60]

selection, a combining form meaning "back," between (c Rs, comb, form of distrien behind, between (c Rs, comb, form of distrien behind, between (c Rs, comb, form of distrien behind, between (c) and the behind, and combined to the selection of tentacles: Includes the sea stugs and combined (by sea, between the sea stugs and combined to the sea stugs and combined to the sea stugs and combined to tentacles. In the direct condensed with a poppy. Topover sommittenum, that has present morphine, codeline, papersine, and of season of the seaso

Name + 4or dim. sums; spain poppy, Papave Sales, pink red, or purple flowers, cultivated as it: (as transmission poppy, 1860-65) as transmission (1860-65), n. a port in mw Polytichecom fiver, 327,368, Portuguese, Pårta.

Zénécouro Rhen. 327.368. Portuguese, p. zipie-buth (e pos'em. pos'em). n., pl. dem. (csp. confeculety) - eum. L. a pre-lamble de la confeculety) - eum. L. a pre-lamble de la confeculety - eum. L. a possentation - eum. L. a possentation de la confeculety - eum. L. a possentation de la confec

main Robort, 1904-67, U.S. miclear spaces.

proteint (a pôrnent), n. 1. a person

the b an an opposing side in a game, controve
any—any. 2, being opposite, as in position. 3.

identit, 4, Anat. bringing parts together or inte
the 1150-90; < 1. capations. 5. of oppositions
pare over organist, or in front of, make an obstet
explose set, put see -teri]

specialized (pore 1550*, -\notite{350*}), adj. 1. suite
microst 2. occurring at an appropriate time; we
appearance (1577-1425; little Ht < 1 opportunit
microst 2. occurring at an appropriate time; we
appearance (1577-1425; little Ht < 1 opportunit
prome, 2, of portus access, pour + -nus adj.

appearance (1577-1425; little Ht < 1 opportunit
appeara